

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 2979-01
Bill No.: HB 1082
Subject: Regulates the use of epinephrine auto-injector devices by EMTs.
Type: Original
Date: December 20, 2001

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.
 This fiscal note contains 3 pages.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Department of Health and Senior Services (DOH)** stated this legislation would not be expected to significantly impact the operations of the DOH. If the proposal were to substantially impact DOH programs then the Department would request funding through the appropriations process.

Officials from the **Vallee Ambulance District (Vallee)** stated additional training for full and part-time EMTs would create an additional cost to Vallee. Vallee officials believe a minimum of a four (4) hour class regarding the safe and effective use of an auto-injector "Epi-pen" device would be required. The cost would be approximately \$100 including instruction, handouts, and ancillary materials. Yearly in-services, at approximately the same cost, would also be required.

Oversight assumes ambulance districts could absorb the minimal cost associated with providing training and materials to EMT staff with existing resources.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT - State Government</u>	FY 2003 (10 Mo.)	FY 2004	FY 2005
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government</u>	FY 2003 (10 Mo.)	FY 2004	FY 2005
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

DESCRIPTION

This bill allows emergency medical technicians, any eligible person, firm, organization, or other entity to purchase, acquire, possess, and use epinephrine auto-injector devices based on a collaborative practice arrangement with a health care provider. Any emergency medical technician, eligible person, firm, organization, or entity is required to file a copy of the collaborative practice agreement with the Department of Health and Senior Services prior to the use of the epinephrine auto-injector device.

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Provisions pertaining to the purchase, possession, use, acquisition, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injector devices are contained in the bill. The bill requires that every use of an epinephrine auto-injector device be immediately reported to the emergency health care provider.

The use of an epinephrine auto-injector device is considered first aid or emergency treatment for the purpose of any law relating to liability.

Any person, firm, or entity who violates provisions of the bill will be guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Health and Senior Services
Vallee Ambulance District

NOT RESPONDING:

Ste. Genevieve County Memorial Hospital
Newton County Ambulance District
St. Charles County Ambulance District
Mid-MO Ambulance District
Stoddard County Ambulance District
Taney County Ambulance District



Jeanne Jarrett, CPA
Director
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